

CODEBOOK

World Values Survey Wave 7 — Thailand (2017–2018)

Cleaned dataset: WVSDData.csv · 1,500 respondents · 282 variables

About this dataset

Source: World Values Survey Wave 7 (2017–2020), Thailand national sample, collected 2017–2018 by the King Prajadhipok's Institute via face-to-face (PAPI) interviews.

Sample size: N = 1,500. All WVS negative codes (–1 don't know, –2 refuse, –3 not applicable, –4 not asked, –5 missing) have been converted to NA; no negative codes remain in the file.

Original dataset: 396 variables. After removing constants, near-constants, duplicate recodings, survey weights, and WVS-computed indices, the cleaned file retains 282 variables. Revised July 2026: column headers were realigned to the underlying data, seven variables whose data was absent from (or could not be verified in) the file were removed from this codebook, and several value-coding descriptions were corrected.

Variable naming conventions

All names use lowercase snake_case for direct use in R and Python.

Thematic prefixes group related variables: importance_*, children_learn_*, notwant_neighbor_*, trust_*, confidence_*, corruption_*, immigration_*, justifiable_*, political_action_*, online_action_*, election_*, polsys_*, democ_*, member_*.

The column 'Orig. Q#' in each table gives the original WVS question number for cross-referencing the questionnaire PDF.

Important: scale direction

Higher values on importance scales (1–4) = LESS important. Higher values on trust/confidence scales (1–4) = LESS trust. Higher values on agree-disagree scales (1–4 or 1–5) = LESS agreement.

Ten-point scales vary in direction — always check which pole is 1 and which is 10 in the individual variable description before interpreting results.

All NAs represent don't-know, refused, or genuinely missing responses. Treat them as missing, not as a valid response category.

1. Interview Context

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	region	N_REGION_WVS	WVS geographic region code for Thailand	Numeric code
	Values: WVS sub-national region codes 764001–764052 (51 units sampled; 764001 = Bangkok). Not recoded to 1–5.			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
2	town_size	G_TOWNSIZE	Size category of the town/city where the interview took place	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 5-category recode: 1=<5K · 2=5–20K · 3=20–100K · 4=100–500K · 5=500K+			
3	urban_rural	H_URBRURAL	Urban or rural location of interview	Binary
	Values: 1=Urban · 2=Rural			

2. Life Domain Importance (Q1–Q6)

How important is each of the following in your life?

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	importance_friends	Q2	Importance of friends	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very important · 2=Rather important · 3=Not very important · 4=Not at all important			
2	importance_leisure	Q3	Importance of leisure time	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very important · 2=Rather important · 3=Not very important · 4=Not at all important			
3	importance_politics	Q4	Importance of politics	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very important · 2=Rather important · 3=Not very important · 4=Not at all important			
4	importance_work	Q5	Importance of work	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very important · 2=Rather important · 3=Not very important · 4=Not at all important			
5	importance_religion	Q6	Importance of religion	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very important · 2=Rather important · 3=Not very important · 4=Not at all important			

3. Child-Rearing Values (Q7–Q17)

Which qualities are especially important for children to learn at home? (select up to 5)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	children_learn_manners	Q7	Good manners	Binary

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
2	children_learn_independence	Q8	Independence	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
3	children_learn_hard_work	Q9	Hard work	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
4	children_learn_responsibility	Q10	Feeling of responsibility	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
5	children_learn_imagination	Q11	Imagination	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
6	children_learn_tolerance	Q12	Tolerance and respect for others	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
7	children_learn_thrift	Q13	Thrift / saving money and things	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
8	children_learn_determination	Q14	Determination and perseverance	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
9	children_learn_religion	Q15	Religious faith	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
10	children_learn_unselfishness	Q16	Unselfishness	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			
11	children_learn_obedience	Q17	Obedience	Binary
	Values: 1=Chosen · 2=Not chosen			

4. Social Distance / Neighbor Tolerance (Q18–Q26)

Which groups would you not want as neighbors? (mention all that apply)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	notwant_neighbor_drug_addict	Q18	Drug addicts	Binary

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
2	notwant_neighbor_diff_race	Q19	People of a different race	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
3	notwant_neighbor_hiv_aids	Q20	People with HIV/AIDS	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
4	notwant_neighbor_immigrant	Q21	Immigrants / foreign workers	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
5	notwant_neighbor_homosexual	Q22	Homosexuals	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
6	notwant_neighbor_diff_religion	Q23	People of a different religion	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
7	notwant_neighbor_heavy_drinker	Q24	Heavy drinkers	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
8	notwant_neighbor_unmarried_couple	Q25	Unmarried couples living together	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			
9	notwant_neighbor_diff_language	Q26	People who speak a different language	Binary
	Values: 1=Would not want as neighbor · 2=Not mentioned			

5. Gender & Family Attitudes (Q27–Q41)

Agree / disagree with each statement.

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	goal_make_parents_proud	Q27	One of my main goals is to make my parents proud	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
2	working_mothers_harm_children	Q28	When a mother works for pay, the children suffer	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
3	men_better_political_leaders	Q29	On the whole, men make better political leaders than women	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
4	university_more_important_for_boys	Q30	University education is more important for boys than for girls	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
5	men_better_business_executives	Q31	On the whole, men make better business executives than women	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
6	housewife_as_fulfilling_as_job	Q32	Being a housewife is just as fulfilling as working for pay	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
7	jobs_scarce_men_priority	Q33_3	When jobs are scarce, men should have more right to a job than women	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
8	jobs_scarce_nationals_priority	Q34_3	When jobs are scarce, employers should give nationals priority over immigrants	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
9	women_earn_more_causes_problems	Q35_3	If a woman earns more than her husband, it almost certainly causes problems	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
10	samesex_couples_good_parents	Q36	Same-sex couples can be just as good parents as other couples	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
11	having_children_duty	Q37	'Having children' is a duty toward society	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
12	adult_children_duty_care_parents	Q38	Adult children have a duty to provide long-term care for their parents	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
13	idle_people_become_lazy	Q39	People who do not work become lazy	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
14	work_is_duty_to_society	Q40	'Work' is a duty toward society	Ordinal 1–5

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			
15	work_must_come_first	Q41	Work should always come first, even if it means less leisure time	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Neither · 4=Disagree · 5=Strongly disagree			

6. Social Change & Future Orientation (Q42–Q45)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	attitude_society_change	Q42	Best description of your view of society: (1) radical revolutionary change; (2) gradual reform; (3) defend status quo	Categorical 1–3
	Values: 1=Revolution · 2=Reform · 3=Defend status quo			
2	less_work_emphasis_good_bad	Q43	Less emphasis on work in the future: good, neither, or bad?	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Good · 2=Neither · 3=Bad			
3	more_tech_emphasis_good_bad	Q44	Greater emphasis on technology development: good, neither, or bad?	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Good · 2=Neither · 3=Bad			
4	more_authority_respect_good_bad	Q45	Greater respect for authority in the future: good, neither, or bad?	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Good · 2=Neither · 3=Bad			

7. Subjective Wellbeing (Q46–Q56)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	happiness	Q46	Taking all things together, how happy would you say you are?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very happy · 2=Quite happy · 3=Not very happy · 4=Not at all happy			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
2	health_status	Q47	How would you describe your state of health these days?	Ordinal 1–5
Values: 1=Very good · 2=Good · 3=Fair · 4=Poor · 5=Very poor [Note: No respondent chose 5 in this sample; observed range 1–4.]				
3	freedom_choice_control	Q48	How much freedom of choice and control do you feel you have over your life?	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=No freedom/control at all · ... · 10=A great deal				
4	life_satisfaction	Q49	All things considered, how satisfied are you with your life as a whole?	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Completely dissatisfied · ... · 10=Completely satisfied				
5	financial_satisfaction	Q50	How satisfied are you with the financial situation of your household?	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Completely dissatisfied · ... · 10=Completely satisfied				
6	hardship_food_shortage	Q51	In the past year, how often did you or your family go without enough food?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Often · 2=Sometimes · 3=Rarely · 4=Never				
7	hardship_unsafe_at_home	Q52	In the past year, how often did you feel unsafe from crime in/near your home?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Often · 2=Sometimes · 3=Rarely · 4=Never				
8	hardship_medical_shortage	Q53	In the past year, how often did you go without needed medicine or treatment?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Often · 2=Sometimes · 3=Rarely · 4=Never				
9	hardship_cash_shortage	Q54	In the past year, how often did you go without cash income?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Often · 2=Sometimes · 3=Rarely · 4=Never				
10	hardship_housing_insecure	Q55	In the past year, how often did you go without a safe shelter or home?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Often · 2=Sometimes · 3=Rarely · 4=Never				
11	standard_of_living_vs_parents	Q56	Compared to your parents when they were your age, is your standard of living better, worse, or about the same?	Categorical 1–3
Values: 1=Better · 2=Worse · 3=About the same				

8. Social Trust (Q57–Q63)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	generalized_trust	Q57	Generally speaking, can most people be trusted, or do you need to be very careful?	Binary
Values: 1=Most people can be trusted · 2=Need to be very careful				
2	trust_family	Q58	How much do you trust your family?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Completely · 2=Rather · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all				
3	trust_neighborhood	Q59	How much do you trust your neighborhood?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Completely · 2=Rather · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all				
4	trust_acquaintances	Q60	How much do you trust people you know personally?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Completely · 2=Rather · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all				
5	trust_strangers	Q61	How much do you trust people you meet for the first time?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Completely · 2=Rather · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all				
6	trust_diff_religion	Q62	How much do you trust people of another religion?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Completely · 2=Rather · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all				
7	trust_diff_nationality	Q63	How much do you trust people of another nationality?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Completely · 2=Rather · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all				

9. Institutional Confidence (Q64–Q89)

How much confidence do you have in each institution? (1=a great deal, 4=none at all)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	confidence_religious_leaders	Q64	Religious leaders	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all				
2	confidence_military	Q65	The armed forces	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all				
3	confidence_press	Q66	The press	Ordinal 1–4

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
4	confidence_television	Q67	Television	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
5	confidence_labor_unions	Q68	Labor unions	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
6	confidence_police	Q69	The police	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
7	confidence_courts	Q70	The courts / justice system	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
8	confidence_government	Q71	The government	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
9	confidence_political_parties	Q72	Political parties	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
10	confidence_parliament	Q73	Parliament / legislature	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
11	confidence_civil_service	Q74	The civil service	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
12	confidence_universities	Q75	Universities	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
13	confidence_elections	Q76	Elections	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
14	confidence_major_companies	Q77	Major companies	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
15	confidence_banks	Q78	Banks	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
16	confidence_environmental_orgs	Q79	Environmental organizations	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
17	confidence_womens_orgs	Q80	Women's organizations	Ordinal 1–4

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
18	confidence_charities	Q81	Charitable / humanitarian organizations	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
19	confidence_asean	Q82	ASEAN	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
20	confidence_un	Q83	The United Nations	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
21	confidence_imf	Q84	The IMF	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
22	confidence_icc	Q85	The International Criminal Court	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
23	confidence_nato	Q86	NATO	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
24	confidence_world_bank	Q87	The World Bank	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
25	confidence_who	Q88	The World Health Organization	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			
26	confidence_wto	Q89	The World Trade Organization	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Quite a lot · 3=Not very much · 4=None at all			

10. International Organizations & Knowledge (Q90–Q93)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	intl_orgs_quality_of_life_vs_democracy	Q90	What should international organizations prioritize: improving quality of life (1) or promoting democracy (10)?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Quality of life · ... · 10=Democracy			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
2	knowledge_un_security_council	Q91	Which country is NOT a permanent UN Security Council member? (A=France, B=China, C=India)	Categorical
Values: 1=A (France) · 2=B (China) · 3=C (India — correct answer)				
3	knowledge_imf_location	Q92	Where is the IMF headquarters? (A=Washington D.C., B=London, C=Geneva)	Categorical
Values: 1=A (Washington D.C. — correct) · 2=B (London) · 3=C (Geneva)				
4	knowledge_amnesty_international	Q93	What issue does Amnesty International address? (A=Climate, B=Human rights, C=Historic sites)	Categorical
Values: 1=A (Climate) · 2=B (Human rights — correct) · 3=C (Historic sites)				

11. Organizational Membership (Q94–Q105)

Are you a member of each organization? If so, do you actively participate?

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	member_religious_org	Q94	Church or religious organization	Ordinal 0–2
Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member				
2	member_sports_org	Q95	Sport or recreational organization	Ordinal 0–2
Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member				
3	member_arts_org	Q96	Art, music, or educational organization	Ordinal 0–2
Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member				
4	member_labor_union	Q97	Labor union	Ordinal 0–2
Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member				
5	member_political_party	Q98	Political party	Ordinal 0–2
Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member				
6	member_environmental_org	Q99	Environmental organization	Ordinal 0–2
Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member				

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
7	member_professional_assoc	Q100	Professional association	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member			
8	member_humanitarian_org	Q101	Humanitarian or charitable organization	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member			
9	member_consumer_org	Q102	Consumer organization	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member			
10	member_self_help_group	Q103	Self-help / mutual aid group	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member			
11	member_womens_org	Q104	Women's group or organization	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member			
12	member_other_org	Q105	Any other voluntary organization	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Not a member · 1=Inactive member · 2=Active member			

12. Economic Values (Q106–Q111)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	income_equality_vs_incentives	Q106	Incomes should be made more equal (1) vs. greater individual incentives (10)	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Equal incomes · ... · 10=Greater individual incentives			
2	private_vs_state_ownership	Q107	More private ownership of business (1) vs. more government ownership (10)	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=More private ownership · ... · 10=More state ownership			
3	govt_vs_individual_responsibility	Q108	Government should ensure everyone's needs (1) vs. individuals take more responsibility (10)	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=More government responsibility · ... · 10=More individual responsibility			
4	competition_good_vs_harmful	Q109	Competition is good (1) vs. competition is harmful (10)	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Competition is good · ... · 10=Competition is harmful			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
5	hard_work_vs_luck_for_success	Q110	Hard work usually brings success (1) vs. success is mostly luck/connections (10)	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Hard work brings success · ... · 10=Luck and connections matter more				
6	environment_vs_growth_priority	Q111	Environmental protection vs. economic growth: which should be the priority?	Categorical 1–3
Values: 1=Environment first · 2=Economic growth first · 3=Other				

13. Corruption (Q112–Q120)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	corruption_perception	Q112	How widespread is corruption in Thailand? (1=no corruption, 10=very widespread)	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=No corruption · ... · 10=Widespread				
2	corruption_govt_officials	Q113	How many government officials are involved in corruption?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=None · 2=A few · 3=Most · 4=All				
3	corruption_business_executives	Q114	How many business executives are involved in corruption?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=None · 2=A few · 3=Most · 4=All				
4	corruption_local_officials	Q115	How many local government officials are involved in corruption?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=None · 2=A few · 3=Most · 4=All				
5	corruption_public_servants	Q116	How many public servants (police, judges, civil servants, doctors, teachers) are involved?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=None · 2=A few · 3=Most · 4=All				
6	corruption_journalists	Q117	How many journalists/media are involved in corruption?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=None · 2=A few · 3=Most · 4=All				
7	bribery_frequency_local_services	Q118	How often do ordinary people have to pay a bribe or give gifts to get local services?	Ordinal 1–4

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Never · 2=Rarely · 3=Often · 4=Always			
8	women_less_corrupt_than_men	Q119	'Women are less corrupt than men' — do you agree?	Ordinal 0–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree · 0=Cannot say			
9	risk_bribery_for_public_services	Q120	How likely is someone to be expected to give a bribe for a public service? (1=not likely, 10=very likely)	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not at risk · ... · 10=Very high risk			

14. Immigration (Q121–Q130)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	immigration_effect_on_development	Q121	Overall, do immigrants have a good or bad effect on Thailand's development?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very bad · 2=Bad · 3=Neither · 4=Good · 5=Very good			
2	immigration_fills_job_vacancies	Q122	Immigrants fill jobs Thais do not want	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
3	immigration_strengthens_culture	Q123	Immigrants strengthen cultural diversity	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
4	immigration_increases_crime	Q124	Immigrants increase crime rates	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
5	immigration_shelters_refugees	Q125	Immigrants provide shelter for political refugees	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
6	immigration_increases_terrorism_risk	Q126	Immigration increases the risk of terrorism	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
7	immigration_helps_poor_countries	Q127	Immigrants help poor countries by sending money home	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
8	immigration_increases_unemployment	Q128	Immigration increases unemployment	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
9	immigration_causes_social_conflict	Q129	Immigration leads to social conflict	Ordinal 0–2
	Values: 0=Disagree · 1=Hard to say · 2=Agree			
10	immigration_policy_preference	Q130	What should the government do about people from other countries who want to work here?	Categorical 1–4
	Values: 1=Let anyone come · 2=Allow if jobs available · 3=Limit numbers · 4=Prohibit			

15. Security & Safety (Q131–Q151)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	personal_safety_feeling	Q131	How safe do you feel in your neighborhood?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very safe · 2=Fairly safe · 3=Not very safe · 4=Not safe at all			
2	neighborhood_robbery	Q132	How often does robbery occur in your neighborhood?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
3	neighborhood_drunk_in_street	Q133	How often do you see people drunk on the street?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
4	neighborhood_police_intrusion	Q134	How often do police or military interfere in people's private lives?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
5	neighborhood_racist_behavior	Q135	How often do you see racist behavior or ethnic discrimination?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
6	neighborhood_drug_dealing	Q136	How often do you see drug dealing in your neighborhood?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
7	neighborhood_violence_fights	Q137	How often do you see violence and fights in your neighborhood?	Ordinal 1–5

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
8	neighborhood_sexual_harassment	Q138	How often do you experience sexual harassment?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Very common · 2=Fairly common · 3=Uncommon · 4=Rare · 5=None			
9	safety_avoid_carrying_cash	Q139	For safety reasons, do you avoid carrying much cash?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
10	safety_avoid_going_out_night	Q140	For safety reasons, do you avoid going out at night?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
11	safety_carry_weapon	Q141	For safety reasons, do you carry a knife, gun, or other weapon?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
12	worry_losing_job	Q142	How worried are you about losing your job or not finding one?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=A fair amount · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all			
13	worry_children_education	Q143	How worried are you about not being able to give children a good education?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=A fair amount · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all			
14	crime_victim_respondent	Q144	Have you personally been a victim of crime in the past year?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
15	crime_victim_family	Q145	Has a family member been a victim of crime in the past year?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
16	worry_war	Q146	How worried are you about a war involving your country?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=A fair amount · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all			
17	worry_terrorist_attack	Q147	How worried are you about a terrorist attack?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=A fair amount · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all			
18	worry_civil_war	Q148	How worried are you about a civil war?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=A fair amount · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
19	freedom_vs_equality_priority	Q149	If you had to choose between freedom and equality, which is more important?	Binary
Values: 1=Freedom · 2=Equality				
20	freedom_vs_security_priority	Q150	If you had to choose between freedom and security, which is more important?	Binary
Values: 1=Freedom · 2=Security				
21	willing_fight_for_country	Q151	If there were a war, would you be willing to fight for your country?	Binary
Values: 1=Yes · 2=No				

16. Post-Materialism Index Items (Q152–Q157)

Inglehart's battery. Respondents rank national goals by selecting a first and second priority from each set.

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	postmat_set1_first_choice	Q152	Set 1, first priority: national goals over the next 10 years	Categorical 1–4
Values: 1=Maintain order · 2=More say for citizens · 3=Fight rising prices · 4=Protect free speech				
2	postmat_set1_second_choice	Q153	Set 1, second priority (same options)	Categorical 1–4
Values: Same options as set1_first_choice				
3	postmat_set2_first_choice	Q154	Set 2, first priority	Categorical 1–4
Values: 1=Stable economy · 2=More say in government · 3=Fight crime · 4=More humane society				
4	postmat_set2_second_choice	Q155	Set 2, second priority (same options)	Categorical 1–4
Values: Same options as set2_first_choice				
5	postmat_set3_first_choice	Q156	Set 3, first priority	Categorical 1–4
Values: 1=High economic growth · 2=Strong defence · 3=More citizen say · 4=Beautify cities/countryside				
6	postmat_set3_second_choice	Q157	Set 3, second priority (same options)	Categorical 1–4
Values: Same options as set3_first_choice				

17. Science & Technology (Q158–Q163)

How much do you agree or disagree with each statement? (1=strongly disagree, 10=strongly agree)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	sci_tech_improves_health_and_life	Q158	Science and technology make our lives healthier, easier, and more comfortable	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Strongly disagree · ... · 10=Strongly agree			
2	sci_tech_creates_opportunities	Q159	Because of science and technology, there will be more opportunities for the next generation	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Strongly disagree · ... · 10=Strongly agree			
3	rely_too_much_on_science_not_religion	Q160	We rely too much on science and not enough on faith	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Strongly disagree · ... · 10=Strongly agree			
4	science_destroys_moral_sense	Q161	One of the bad effects of science is that it breaks down people's ideas of right and wrong	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Strongly disagree · ... · 10=Strongly agree			
5	no_need_science_for_daily_life	Q162	It is not important to know about science in my daily life	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Strongly disagree · ... · 10=Strongly agree			
6	world_better_worse_with_sci_tech	Q163	Overall, will the world be better or worse because of science and technology?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Much worse · ... · 10=Much better			

18. Religious Values & Practice (Q164–Q175)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	importance_of_god	Q164	How important is God in your life?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not at all important · ... · 10=Very important			
2	believe_in_god	Q165	Do you believe in God?	Binary

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
3	believe_in_afterlife	Q166	Do you believe in life after death?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
4	believe_in_hell	Q167	Do you believe in hell?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
5	believe_in_heaven	Q168	Do you believe in heaven?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
6	science_vs_religion_religion_wins	Q169	When science and religion conflict, religion is always right	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
7	only_my_religion_is_acceptable	Q170	Only the religion I practice is acceptable	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Strongly agree · 2=Agree · 3=Disagree · 4=Strongly disagree			
8	religious_service_attendance	Q171	Apart from weddings/funerals, how often do you attend religious services?	Ordinal 1–7
	Values: 1=More than once/week · 2=Once/week · 3=Once/month · 4=Only holy days · 5=Once/year · 6=Less than once/year · 7=Never			
9	prayer_frequency	Q172	Apart from services, how often do you pray?	Ordinal 1–8
	Values: 1=Several times/day · 2=Once/day · 3=Several times/week · 4=Only at services · 5=Only holy days · 6=Once/year · 7=Less than once/year · 8=Never			
10	self_identified_religiosity	Q173	Would you say you are a religious person, not religious, or a convinced atheist?	Categorical 1–3
	Values: 1=Religious · 2=Not religious · 3=Convinced atheist			
11	religion_means_following_norms_vs_doing_good	Q174	The basic meaning of religion is: following norms and rituals (1) vs. doing good to others (2)	Binary
	Values: 1=Following norms and rituals · 2=Doing good to others			
12	religion_means_afterlife_vs_this_life	Q175	The basic meaning of religion is about: life after death (1) vs. this life (2)	Binary
	Values: 1=Life after death · 2=This life			

19. Moral Values (Q176–Q198)

Q176: agreement that people struggle with moral decisions (1=strongly agree, 10=strongly disagree). Q177–Q195: justifiability of each act (1=never, 10=always). Q196–Q198: government surveillance rights (1=definitely should, 4=definitely should not).

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	moral_uncertainty_scale	Q176	'Nowadays people struggle to decide what is right and wrong.' Agreement scale	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Strongly agree · ... · 10=Strongly disagree				
2	justifiable_claiming_govt_benefits	Q177	Claiming government benefits you are not entitled to	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
3	justifiable_fare_evasion	Q178	Avoiding a fare on public transport	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
4	justifiable_stealing	Q179	Stealing property	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
5	justifiable_tax_cheating	Q180	Cheating on taxes if you have the chance	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
6	justifiable_accepting_bribe	Q181	Accepting a bribe in the course of your duties	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
7	justifiable_homosexuality	Q182	Homosexuality	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
8	justifiable_prostitution	Q183	Prostitution	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
9	justifiable_abortion	Q184	Abortion	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
10	justifiable_divorce	Q185	Divorce	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable				
11	justifiable_premarital_sex	Q186	Sex before marriage	Scale 1–10

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
12	justifiable_suicide	Q187	Suicide	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
13	justifiable_euthanasia	Q188	Euthanasia (ending the life of the incurably sick)	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
14	justifiable_husband_beating_wife	Q189	A man beating his wife	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
15	justifiable_parents_beating_children	Q190	Parents beating their children	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
16	justifiable_violence_against_others	Q191	Violence against other people	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
17	justifiable_political_terrorism	Q192	Terrorism as a political, ideological, or religious means	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
18	justifiable_casual_sex	Q193	Having casual sex	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
19	justifiable_political_violence	Q194	Political violence	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
20	justifiable_death_penalty	Q195	The death penalty	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Never justifiable · ... · 10=Always justifiable			
21	govt_right_cctv_surveillance	Q196	Should the government have the right to use video surveillance in public areas?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Definitely should · 2=Probably should · 3=Probably should not · 4=Definitely should not			
22	govt_right_monitor_email	Q197	Should the government have the right to monitor emails and internet traffic?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Definitely should · 2=Probably should · 3=Probably should not · 4=Definitely should not			
23	govt_right_collect_personal_data	Q198	Should the government have the right to collect information about residents without their knowledge?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Definitely should · 2=Probably should · 3=Probably should not · 4=Definitely should not			

20. Political Interest & Participation (Q199–Q222)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	interest_in_politics	Q199	How interested are you in politics?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very interested · 2=Somewhat interested · 3=Not very interested · 4=Not at all interested			
2	discuss_politics_with_friends	Q200	When you get together with friends, do you discuss political matters?	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Frequently · 2=Occasionally · 3=Never			
3	news_source_newspaper	Q201	How often do you get news from printed newspapers?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
4	news_source_tv	Q202	How often do you get news from television?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
5	news_source_radio	Q203	How often do you get news from radio?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
6	news_source_mobile	Q204	How often do you get news from a mobile phone?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
7	news_source_email	Q205	How often do you get news via email?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
8	news_source_internet	Q206	How often do you get news from the internet?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
9	news_source_social_media	Q207	How often do you get news from social media (e.g., Facebook, Twitter)?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
10	news_source_talking_to_people	Q208	How often do you get news from talking to friends or colleagues?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Daily · 2=Weekly · 3=Monthly · 4=Less than monthly · 5=Never			
11	political_action_petition	Q209	Signing a petition	Ordinal 1–3

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
12	political_action_boycott	Q210	Joining in boycotts	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
13	political_action_demonstration	Q211	Attending peaceful demonstrations	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
14	political_action_strike	Q212	Joining strikes	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
15	political_action_donate_campaign	Q213	Donating money to a political group or campaign	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
16	political_action_contact_official	Q214	Contacting a government official	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
17	political_action_persuade_others	Q215	Encouraging others to take action on political issues	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
18	political_action_encourage_voting	Q216	Encouraging others to vote	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
19	online_action_search_political_info	Q217	Using internet/social media to search for political information	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
20	online_action_sign_petition	Q218	Using internet/social media to sign a petition	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
21	online_action_encourage_others	Q219	Using internet/social media to encourage political action by others	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
22	online_action_organize_events	Q220	Using internet/social media to organize political events or demonstrations	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Have done · 2= Might do · 3=Would never do			
23	voting_local_elections	Q221	How often did you vote in local elections in the past?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Always · 2=Usually · 3=Never · 4=Not yet eligible			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
24	voting_national_elections	Q222	How often did you vote in national elections in the past?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Always · 2=Usually · 3=Never · 4=Not yet eligible				

21. Elections & Electoral Integrity (Q223–Q234)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	party_preference	Q223	If there were a national election tomorrow, which party would you vote for?	Categorical
Values: 764001=Democrat · 764005=Pheu Thai · 764006=Bhumjaithai · 764008=Charthaipattana · 764010=Thai Proud Nation · –1=Don't know [Note: Use WVS documentation to decode additional party codes.]				
2	election_votes_counted_fairly	Q224	Votes are counted fairly	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
3	election_opposition_prevented	Q225	Opposition candidates are prevented from running	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
4	election_tv_biased_incumbent	Q226	TV news favors the governing party	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
5	election_voters_bribed	Q227	Voters are offered bribes for their votes	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
6	election_media_comprehensive	Q228	Journalists provide comprehensive election coverage	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
7	election_officials_fair	Q229	Election officials are fair	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
8	election_rich_buy_votes	Q230	Rich people buy elections	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
9	election_voters_threatened	Q231	Voters are threatened with violence at the polls	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
10	election_voters_genuine_choice	Q232	Voters get a real choice between different parties	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
11	election_women_equal_opportunity	Q233	Women have equal opportunities to run for office	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very often · 2=Fairly often · 3=Not often · 4=Not at all				
12	importance_honest_elections	Q234	How important is it to live in a country with honest elections?	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very important · 2=Fairly important · 3=Not very important · 4=Not at all important				

22. Political Culture & Democracy (Q235–Q258)

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	polysys_strong_leader	Q235	Having a strong leader who does not bother with parliament and elections	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very good · 2=Fairly good · 3=Fairly bad · 4=Very bad				
2	polysys_technocratic	Q236	Having experts make decisions according to what they think is best for the country	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very good · 2=Fairly good · 3=Fairly bad · 4=Very bad				
3	polysys_democratic	Q238	Having a democratic political system	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very good · 2=Fairly good · 3=Fairly bad · 4=Very bad				
4	polysys_religious_law	Q239	Having a system governed by religious law, without elections or parties	Ordinal 1–4
Values: 1=Very good · 2=Fairly good · 3=Fairly bad · 4=Very bad				
5	left_right_political_position	Q240	Political self-placement on a left–right scale	Scale 1–10
Values: 1=Left · ... · 10=Right				
6	democ_tax_rich_redistribute	Q241	Governments tax the rich and subsidize the poor — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
7	democ_religious_institutions_interpret_law	Q242	Religious authorities interpret the laws — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
8	democ_free_elections	Q243	People choose leaders in free elections — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
9	democ_unemployment_aid	Q244	People receive state aid when unemployed — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
10	democ_military_takeover_ok	Q245	The army takes over when government is incompetent — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
11	democ_civil_rights	Q246	Civil rights protect people from state oppression — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
12	democ_equal_incomes	Q247	The state makes incomes equal — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
13	democ_obey_rulers	Q248	People obey their rulers — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
14	democ_womens_equal_rights	Q249	Women have the same rights as men — essential for democracy?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not essential · ... · 10=Essential feature of democracy			
15	importance_living_in_democracy	Q250	How important is it to live in a democratically governed country?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not at all important · ... · 10=Absolutely important			
16	thai_democracy_extent	Q251	How democratically is Thailand governed today?	Scale 1–10

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: 1=Not democratic at all · ... · 10=Completely democratic			
17	satisfaction_political_system	Q252	How satisfied are you with how the political system functions today?	Scale 1–10
	Values: 1=Not at all satisfied · ... · 10=Completely satisfied			
18	human_rights_respected	Q253	How much respect is there for individual human rights in Thailand today?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=A great deal · 2=Fairly much · 3=Not much · 4=Not at all			
19	pride_in_being_thai	Q254	How proud are you to be Thai?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very proud · 2=Quite proud · 3=Not very proud · 4=Not at all proud <i>[Note: 5='I am not Thai' — treat as a separate category, not ordered.]</i>			
20	closeness_local_community	Q255	How close do you feel to your village, town, or city?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very close · 2=Close · 3=Not very close · 4=Not close at all			
21	closeness_province	Q256	How close do you feel to your province or region?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very close · 2=Close · 3=Not very close · 4=Not close at all			
22	closeness_thailand	Q257	How close do you feel to Thailand?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very close · 2=Close · 3=Not very close · 4=Not close at all			
23	closeness_asia	Q258	How close do you feel to Asia as a continent?	Ordinal 1–4
	Values: 1=Very close · 2=Close · 3=Not very close · 4=Not close at all			

23. Demographics (Q259–Q290)

Note on sex / Q259: Sex is data-verified (698 males, 793 females). Closeness to the world (Thai Q259) was collected in the source data but is not included in this cleaned file.

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
1	sex	Q259	Sex of respondent (recorded by interviewer observation)	Binary
	Values: 1=Male · 2=Female <i>[Note: See section note above regarding the WVS numbering shift.]</i>			
2	year_born	Q260	Year of birth (Gregorian / CE calendar)	Continuous

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
	Values: Range in sample: 1932–1999			
3	age	Q261	Age in years at time of interview	Continuous
	Values: Range in sample: 18–85			
4	age_group	Q262	Age in six categories	Ordinal 1–6
	Values: 1=18–24 · 2=25–34 · 3=35–44 · 4=45–54 · 5=55–64 · 6=65+			
5	household_size	Q270	How many people, including yourself, usually live in your household?	Count
	Values: Integer ≥ 1			
6	lives_with_parents	Q271	Do you live with your parent(s) or parent(s)-in-law?	Categorical 1–4
	Values: 1=No · 2=Yes, own parents · 3=Yes, in-laws · 4=Yes, both			
7	home_language	Q272	What language do you usually speak at home?	Categorical (codes)
	Values: Raw WVS language codes (not recoded to 1–8): 4230 (42.1%) · 1260 (32.1%) · 3234 (8.9%) · 3992 (8.8%) · 2810 (4.3%) · 9000 (3.2%) · 9900 (0.4%) · 2870 (0.1%). Shares are consistent with Central Thai, Isan, Northern/Southern Thai, Malay and other minority languages; confirm code labels against the WVS master codebook before labelling.			
8	marital_status	Q273	Current marital status	Categorical 1–6
	Values: 1=Married · 2=Cohabiting · 3=Divorced · 4=Separated · 5=Widowed · 6=Single/never married			
9	number_of_children	Q274	How many children do you have? (0 if none)	Count
	Values: Integer ≥ 0			
10	education	Q275A	Highest level of education completed — respondent (6-category recoded)	Ordinal 0–7
	Values: 0=No formal education · 1=Primary · 2=Lower secondary · 3=Upper secondary · 4=Post-secondary non-tertiary · 5=Short-cycle tertiary · 6=Bachelor or equivalent · 7=Master or higher (ISCED-style; observed 0–7)			
11	education_partner	Q276A	Highest level of education completed — partner/spouse	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Lower ($\leq$ lower secondary) · 2=Middle (upper/post-secondary) · 3=Higher (tertiary) — 3-category recode			
12	education_mother	Q277A	Highest level of education completed — mother	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Lower ($\leq$ lower secondary) · 2=Middle (upper/post-secondary) · 3=Higher (tertiary) — 3-category recode			
13	education_father	Q278A	Highest level of education completed — father	Ordinal 1–3
	Values: 1=Lower ($\leq$ lower secondary) · 2=Middle (upper/post-secondary) · 3=Higher (tertiary) — 3-category recode			
14	employment_status	Q279	Current employment situation — respondent	Categorical 1–8
	Values: 1=Full-time employee (≥ 30 hrs/wk) · 2=Part-time (< 30 hrs/wk) · 3=Self-employed · 4=Retired/pensioned · 5=Homemaker · 6=Student · 7=Unemployed · 8=Other			

#	Variable name	Orig. Q#	Question / Description	Scale
15	occupation_type	Q281	Occupational category — respondent (most recent job if not currently employed)	Categorical 0–10
	Values: 0=Never worked · 1=Professional · 2=Senior manager/executive · 3=Clerical · 4=Sales/retail · 5=Service worker · 6=Skilled manual · 7=Semi-skilled manual · 8=Unskilled manual · 9=Farm labourer · 10=Farm owner/manager			
16	partner_occupation_type	Q282	Occupational category — partner/spouse	Categorical 0–10
	Values: Same codes as occupation_type			
17	father_occupation_type	Q283	Occupational category — father, when respondent was 14 years old	Categorical 0–10
	Values: Same codes as occupation_type			
18	employer_type	Q284	Type of organization respondent currently (or most recently) works for	Categorical 1–3
	Values: 1=Government/public sector · 2=Private sector/industry · 3=Non-profit/NGO			
19	main_income_earner	Q285	Are you the main income earner in your household?	Binary
	Values: 1=Yes · 2=No			
20	household_savings	Q286	Over the past year, which describes your household's finances?	Categorical 1–4
	Values: 1=Saved money · 2=Just got by · 3=Spent some savings · 4=Spent savings and borrowed money			
21	subjective_social_class	Q287	Which social class do you belong to?	Ordinal 1–5
	Values: 1=Upper · 2=Upper-middle · 3=Lower-middle · 4=Working · 5=Lower			
22	household_income_group	Q288	On a 10-point national income scale, in which income group does your household fall?	Ordinal 1–10
	Values: 1=Lowest income group · ... · 10=Highest income group <i>[Note: Full 1–10 range observed in this file.]</i>			
23	religion	Q289	What is your religion, if any?	Categorical
	Values: Raw WVS master codes (not recoded to 0–8): 70000000=Buddhist (91.5%) · 50000000=Muslim (6.1%) · 30100000=Orthodox (1.7%) · 10100000=Roman Catholic (0.6%) · 20000000=Protestant · 40000000=Jewish <i>[Note: Approximately 91% of respondents are Buddhist (code 7).]</i>			